South Coogee Public School Wellbeing Guidelines

Respect – Safety – Participation

"The most powerful consequence for changing behaviour is positive feedback." **Reviewed: 2024.**

Rationale

South Coogee Public School promotes student achievement and wellbeing through social and emotional learning. We support the development of appropriate and responsible behaviour choices in students. We empower our students to become self-reflective individuals who consider the rights of others. This policy relies on developing positive and respectful relationships incorporating the concepts and practices of Restorative Justice. When implementing this policy, we take into account individual student needs. Where individual student's behaviour cannot be addressed through this policy, regional support will be sought through the Learning Support Team to develop individual behaviour management plans. Thispolicy includes the Leadership Policy and the Any-Bullying Policy.

Responsibilities

All members of our school community are responsible for ensuring that high standards of behaviour are maintained.

The Principal is responsible for:

- Providing a safe, secure and harmonious work environment for students and staff
- Ensuring the Wellbeing Policy is communicated to all school community members
- Consistent implementation of the Wellbeing Policy across the school

The Executive are responsible for:

- Ensuring the Wellbeing Policy is implemented in all classes and that all teachers are informed of procedures
- Communicating with parents / carers within the guidelines of the policy

Teachers are responsible for:

- Supporting the effective implementation of the Wellbeing Policy by explicitly teaching the SCPS Values, the Student Rights and Responsibilities and the Behaviour Expectations Matrix
- Displaying the SCPS Values in the classroom at all times
- Implementing school wide merit systems to reinforce positive behaviour
- Communicating with parents / carers within the guidelines of the policy

Parents are responsible for:

- Supporting the school in the implementation of the Wellbeing Policy
- Letting teachers know of any issues that may be affecting their child's behaviour the more we understand about what may be happening for our students, the more we can support them

Students are responsible for:

- Following the SCPS Values, the Student Rights and Responsibilities and the Behaviour Expectations Matrix
- Demonstrating respect for themselves, fellow students, teachers, other staff and school visitors

Student Rights and Responsibilities

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RIGHTS	RESPONSIBILITIES
 You have the right to feel safe and secure at school. This means that the school will provide safe class rooms, equipment and rules to ensure your safety and sense of well-being. You will be treated respectfully by other students and staff. You have the right to a quality education at our school. This means you are able to learn and perform at the best of your ability. Class programs will help you think well, understand clearly and produce high quality work. 	 You have a responsibility to make our school a safe and friendly place. This means you: are friendly, respectful and caring towards other students use equipment carefully follow school rules and wear the correct uniform. You have a responsibility to work to the best of your ability. This means you need to actively listen, ask questions to clarify meaning, participate willingly and work well.
You have the right to learn without being disturbed. This means that others will leave you alone to get on with your learning. Your property will be respected.	You have a responsibility to allow others to work without disturbing them. This means that you stay focussed on your work and allow others to get on with theirs. You will respect your own property and the property of others.
You have the right to your own opinions, beliefs and values. This means that you may express your point of view appropriately and be able to give reasons. Your religious and cultural beliefs are respected.	 You have a responsibility to respect the opinions, beliefs and values of others. This means that you; are tolerant of other's beliefs and values learn to understand / accept other views
You have the right to tell your side of the story. This means you will be given the opportunity to tell what happened. The restorative justice questions will mostly be used.	You have a responsibility to tell the truth. As hard as it can be at times, answering the "what happened" question honestly will mean the problem can be sorted quickly. We applaud the courage it takes for you to tell the truth!
You have the right to be yourself. This means you will be treated fairly and respectfully by all because you are you!	 You have a responsibility to accept others. This means that you: are friendly and respectful to others will report bullying if you become aware of it happening.

Behaviour Expectations Matrix

Values	All Areas	Transition	Classrooms	Hall	Library/ICT	Toilets	Playground
Respect	Use appropriate voice, gestures and body language. Wear school uniform in a neat and tidy fashion. Follow teachers' instructions immediately. Obtain permission to use other people's property.	Walk quietly around the school so others can continue learning.	Behave politely and courteously at all times. Use appropriate voice, gestures and body language. Be an active listener. Look after your peers. Look after your and the school's property.	Sing our National Anthem and School Song with pride. Remove hat when entering. Be an active listener. Show encouragement and appreciation for others.	Work quietly. Take care of the library books. Leave the library tidy. Return library books each week. Look after school property. Use computer equipment properly.	Allow for privacy of others. Clean up after yourself (flush the toilet). Stay in your own cubicle.	Invite others who want to join in. Share equipment. Use polite language Use Fair Play – decide on rules of a game before you play and follow the rules. Stand in an orderly line at the canteen. Use good manners when speaking to the canteen staff and line up quietly.
Learner/ Participant	Be equipped, prepared and ready to learn. Allow others to learn. Start and complete work promptly.	Return to class promptly. Be ready for the next task and wait quietly for the next lesson to begin. Always be with a partner when leaving the room. Always take the shortest way to and from your room when walking to different parts of theschool.	Be equipped, prepared and ready to learn. Take pride in all your work, do your best. Take responsibility - ask for help.	Show appropriate audience manners. Clap politely to share and celebrate others. Listen carefully to information.	Be equipped and follow instructions. Use computers appropriately. Return and borrow library books. Use the computer equipment.	Follow toilet procedures. Return to class promptly.	Use strategies to solve any problems first then report to a teacher if you are still worried. Learn new games and activities.

Behaviour Expectations Matrix

Values	All Areas	Transition	Classrooms	Hall	Library/ICT	Toilets	Playground
Values Safety	All Areas Move in a quiet, orderly way. Play sensible, appropriate games in safe areas. Be in the right place at the right time, doing the right thing.	TransitionWalk with my class group in two lines.Carry equipment carefully.Line up in the correct area and sit still and quietly while waiting for a teacher.Walk on the left side of stairs and corridors.	ClassroomsUse all equipment safely and carefully.Move carefully around the room, being aware of your surroundings.Be in the right place at the right time, doing the right thing.Make sure you are with a teacher 	Hall Enter and exit the hall in a safe, orderly manner. Sit in 2 lines and be an active listener.	Library/ICT Move in a quiet, orderly way. Line up before entering. Walk. Alert teacher to any inappropriate sites. Only go to sites that are approved by theteacher.	ToiletsWash hands.Keep water in the sink.One person per cubicle.Turn off taps and bubblers.Use the correct toilets for your stage.Use toilet paper appropriately (don't be wasteful).Respect the facilities.Only go into the toilets to use them.Go with a partner tothe toilet.Limit toilet usage during class time.	PlaygroundUse equipment safely.Participate in approved games in the right playground.Stay in approved areas.Keep hands and feet to yourself.Alert teacher to any dangerous situations.Only go to sick bay with a pass.Sit down to eat and remain seated until told to play by the teacher on duty.Keep the playground clean and tidy during playtime. Put any rubbish that you see in the bin.Classrooms and buildings are out of bounds during playtimes.

Wellbeing Guidelines – Merit Award Scheme

South Coogee Public School values student achievement and rewards positive student behaviour. As part of this policy, a student Merit Award Scheme has been implemented to value and recognise positive behaviours. It is anticipated that this scheme is cumulative and moves with the student through their primary school experience. Students and parents will share responsibility for collecting awards and returning them to the classroom or school office when target amounts have been achieved.



- Class teacher's role Class teachers carefully monitor and support students to gather their first 5 STAR awards. Class teachers may develop their own system so that STAR awards are given consistently.
- Trading Awards Students staple awards together and hand to class teacher (Star Awards & Bronze Awards) or post in the office (Silver Awards and Gold Awards). The corners will be cut and they will be returned after presentation at the next assembly. It may not always be practical to present awards at an assembly if the awards are delivered too close to the next assembly week. It will be the responsibility of the Deputy Principal to monitor and organise the printing of awards and presentation of Gold Awards and Medallions at assemblies.

Wellbeing Guidelines – Restorative Justice

South Coogee Public School uses a Restorative Justice approach to modify student behaviour. It has been developed with one specific goal in mind; to support and facilitate the building of healthy relationships. It has been proven beyond doubt that when individuals live in healthy relationships with significant others, there is abundant personal growth, capacity for character building and high level achievement in all areas of endeavour.

Negative student behaviour will be explored through the use of the Restorative Questions. They are:

- 1. What happened?
- 2. What were you thinking of at the time?
- 3. What have you thought about since?
- 4. Who has been affected by what you have done? In what way?
- 5. What do you think you need to do to make things right?

These questions are about challenge, story, reflection and reparation and are designed to build a strong basis upon which to foster healthier relationships. The structure of the questions focus on the past (what happened?), present (reflection on who has been affected and in what way) and future (what needs to be done to make things right?).

The questions therefore emphasise the importance of harm and its impact on relationships. They are: open ended, respectful, thinking questions rather than feeling ones which tend to evoke stronger emotional responses. The process has the potential to develop empathy and avoids asking the WHY (why did you do that) question.

On the playground the questions are used verbally by the teacher on duty to discuss the behaviour. During class, the students respond to the questions through writing. The questions can be used by teachers and students to resolve any issues, however minor, to ensure students feel they have been heard.

South Coogee Public School is committed to developing healthy, positive relationships between teachers, students, parents and the wider community through dialogue and respect.

Wellbeing Guidelines – Classroom

Levelled behaviour expectations guide the policy and consequences of behaviour. The classroom and playground teacher intervention levels are outlined below. However, as necessary, specific student designed programs may be developed to encourage positive behaviour at school.

Wellbeing Guidelines – Wellbeing List

The Principal reserves the right to enact the 'Wellbeing List' at any time throughout the year to ensure that all learners are upholding the schools values (Respect, Safety, Participation) and student behaviour expectations as part of the SCPS Student Wellbeing guidelines. If a learner is placed on the 'Wellbeing List', the Principal will decide whether they attend any or none of the school events including End of the Year celebrations. Learners can be removed from the list by upholding the school's behaviour expectations and values.

Student Behaviour Contract Agreement - SPORT

Students are expected to display positive behaviours following the SCPS behaviour matrix and Values of Respect, Safety & Participation as well as sign and agree to the sport Code of Conduct from the Eastern Suburbs PPSA Association in order to participate.

Codes of Behaviour provide a supportive framework which promotes fair play and appropriate behaviour in school sport. These codes apply to players, teachers, coaches, principals, parents, officials and spectators who together provide the environment in which school sport is played. The following Codes apply to school sport at all levels and are designed to highlight:

- the principles of enjoyment, satisfaction and safe play in sport
- that students participate for their own sake and not to fulfil the desires of parents, adult groups or peers
- the encouragement of student participation in sport and, in so doing, contribute to higher levels of health and physical fitness.

	Level of teacher intervention	Examples of Behaviour
Level 1 – Verbal Redirection	 Direct student to start doing the desired behaviour Use vicarious praise Increase ratio of praise (positive or neutral) Give positive feedback 	 Insolence Disrupting learning of others
Level 2 – Reminders	 If a student does not comply with an instruction, they will be given areminder. The second time they do not comply they will get another reminder. If they still do not comply, they will be directed to the classroom 'time-out' area (teacher's discretion maximum of 15 minutes) 	 Not completing work Refer to Behaviour Expectation Matrix for acceptable behaviour
Level 3 – On return from 'time-out'	 If a student does not comply with an instruction, they will be given a reminder. The second time they do not comply they will get another reminder. If they still do not comply, they will be directed to 'time-out' in a different class for the rest of the session where they will be required to reflect on theirbehaviour and fill in a Behaviour Reflection Section of the Behaviour Reminder Card. On return to class, the teacher will conference with the student and then complete the Behaviour Reminder Section of the Behaviour Reminder Card The sheet will then be sent home and they will need to be signed by parent/carer and then returned to school. Teacher to record incident on Sentral Welfare and contact parent/carer if this is the second Behaviour Reminder Card for the term. 	rd.
Level 4 – On return to the classroom	 If non-compliance continues, the student will be given only one reminder. If misbehaviour continues after this, they will be sent to the Assistant Principal for further time out. Student will receive a second Behaviour Reminder Card. Mini-Team (Principal, Assistant Principal, classroom teacher, LaST) discusses further action Assistant Principal to call parent/carer. Incident to be recorded on Sentral Welfare by Assistant Principal. 	Instant Classroom Behaviour Reminder: • Verbal abuse • Aggressive Behaviour • Extreme Insolence • Absconding • Unsafe use of equipment • Inappropriate language • Misuse of school technology or social media
Level 5 – Suspension/ Behaviour Contract	 support the student on return to school On return to school, the student, parent/carer, Assistant Principal/Deputy Principal and Principal will attend a Return from Suspension meeting to discuss strategies and behaviour expectations. Student will be placed on a Behaviour Contract (see next column) which is signe teacher and a contract is to child to support behaviour. The Assistant Principal contract is to child to support behaviour. The Assistant Principal behaviour. The Assistant Principal school days) The student with "Reflection Time" 	al/Deputy Principal will have an pension Policy – Student Discipline is dures conded: e placed on a Behaviour Contract d by the student, parent/carer, Assistant Principal. The aim of the provide positive feedback to the ort them to achieve the desired e contract will be monitored by the ipal fora pre-determined time (5-10 ill be required to have ne" in another classroom.
	If a student does not respond to the levels above, a negotiated personalised behaviour support plan will be implemented with all relevant stakeholders. Strategies such as the 'Traffic light system' will be included. The 'Traffic light system' clearly identifies positive and negative behaviours using green, orange and red indicators, with clear outcomes at each level. • reflection class • The time spen determined b beon a behaviour student may playground, e functions. This Executive and • Suspension from afterthis perio	complete classwork in the ssroom) t in the other classroom will be y the Executive. Students will still viour contract during this time. De excluded from the classroom, excursions, camps and school will be at the discretion of the d with parental consultation. The school may be implemented d if behaviour has still not improved dent needs will be taken into

FOR ALL SITUATIONS THERE EXISTS A CLAUSE WHICH MAY SEE A STUDENT BYPASS EARLIER LEVELS AND PROGRESS STRAIGHT TO ANOTHER LEVEL. THE PRINCIPAL RESERVES THE RIGHT TOMAKE THE DECISION TO SUSPEND IF AND WHEN ACTS OF INAPPROPRIATE BEHAVIOUR ENDANGER THE HEALTH AND SAFETY OF THE STUDENT, OTHER STUDENTS, STAFF OR PARENTS.

	Wellbeing Guidelines – Playground	
	Level of teacher intervention	Examples of Behaviour
Level 1 – Verbal Redirection	 Direct student to start doing the desired behaviour Use vicarious praise Increase ratio of praise (positive or neutral) Give positive feedback Student shadows teacher especially if student is agitated and may not be able to control their own behaviour 	 playing out of bounds running dangerously unsafe play on equipment Refer to Behaviour Expectation Matrix for
Level 2 – Reminders	 Students receive two reminders Students are reminded that if unwanted behaviour continues they will receive a 'time-out' Inform next teacher on duty of incidents 	acceptable behaviour
Level 3 – 'Time-Out'	 Students are given 'time-out' on silver seats for a maximum of 10 minutes Inform next teacher on duty of incidents 	
Level 4 – Playground Behaviour Card	 If unwanted behaviour continues on return from 'time-out', student will receive a Playground Behaviour Reminder Card Teacher to discuss the Restorative Justice questions with the student Teacher on duty who issues the Playground Behaviour Reminder Card must enter details on Sentral Welfare and inform the class teacher Teacher on duty may issue Playground Behaviour Reminder Card instantly 	Instant Playground Behaviour Card: Verbal abuse Aggressive Behaviour Absconding Unsafe use of equipment Inappropriate language
Level 5 – Serious / violent behaviour	 Teacher sends for a member of the Executive to collect the student Playground Behaviour Reminder Card issued and Behaviour Reflection Section completed by student Mini-Team (Principal, Assistant Principal, classroom teacher, LaST) discusses further action and the principal will use their discretion to exercise the DEC Suspension Policy – Student Discipline in Government School Suspension and Expulsion of School Students – Procedures Assistant Principal to call parent/carer. Incident to be recorded on Sentral Welfare by Assistant Principal. 	 Targeted / Extreme verbal abuse Targeted / Extreme physical violence/abuse Targeted / Extreme insolence
Level 6 – Suspension/ Behaviour Contract	1. Refer to Level 5 of Wellbeing Policy - Classroom	
Level 7 – Playground Inclusion Program	 If unwanted behaviour continues during the period of the Behaviour Contract, the student will participate in the Playground Inclusion Program – See following page. 	

FOR ALL SITUATIONS THERE EXISTS A CLAUSE WHICH MAY SEE A STUDENT BYPASS EARLIER LEVELS AND PROGRESS STRAIGHT TO ANOTHER LEVEL. THE PRINCIPAL RESERVES THE RIGHT TO MAKE THE DECISION TO SUSPEND IF AND WHEN ACTS OF INAPPROPRIATE BEHAVIOUR ENDANGER THE HEALTH AND SAFETY OF THE STUDENT, OTHER STUDENTS, STAFF OR PARENTS

Wellbeing Guidelines – Playground Inclusion Program

Overview

This program is designed for use with students who are having difficulty displaying appropriate behaviours in the playground. These children are referred to the program when they have not demonstrated improvements while on a Behaviour Contract or have been on more than two Behaviour Contracts in one term.

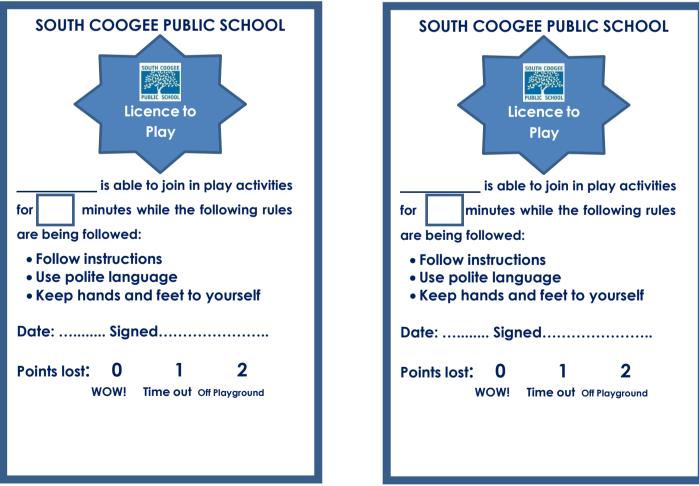
The Program

The program aims at getting students integrated back onto the playground without any restrictions through the completion of staged and monitored time slots. The right to return to the playground must be earned. The ultimate aim is a safe and happy playground environment for all students.

Prior to each stage interval there will be supervised sessions of game skills development, socialisation and fair play activities. Given acceptable progress in these sessions limited presence in the playground may be permitted.

The students will go onto the playground each day with a "Licence to Play" card with the time allowed on the playground written on the card. The card must be shown to the teacher on duty for permission to be on the playground. At the end of the allotted time the teacher marks the box that corresponds to the observed behaviour being exhibited. One point is lost for each instance of inappropriate behaviour. The card is returned by the student to the Office so that the following day's actions can be determined.

Time in the playground will increase in 5 minute blocks given acceptable behaviour is displayed. Any inappropriate behaviours exhibited during the time on the playground will result in an immediate penalty. The first infringement will be a time-out for a specified time in a place of the supervising teacher's choosing (in close contact). A second infringement will mean that the student is removed from the playground the following day to work on game skills development, socialisation and fair play activities. All behaviours will be recorded daily on the licence to play.



Student Behaviour Contract Agreement – SPORT Respect – Safety – Participation

Name:

Class:

Sport:



I agree to:

- □ Follow the SCPS Values and the SCPS Behaviour Expectations Matrix
- Demonstrate respect for yourself, fellow students, teachers, other staff and school visitors
- □ other expected behaviours (not limited to):
 - ✓ Good sportsmanship
 - ✓ Fair play
 - ✓ Appropriate behaviour
 - ✓ Safe play
 - ✓ Follow rules
 - ✓ Represent SCPS in high esteem when representing the school.

Additionally, I agree to the below Player's Code from the Eastern Suburbs PPSA Association.



Code of Conduct Extracted https://www.easternsuburbspssa.nsw.edu.au/codes-of-conduct Codes of Behaviour provide a supportive framework which promotes fair play and appropriate behaviour in school sport. These codes apply to players, teachers, coaches, principals, parents,

officials and spectators who together provide the environment in which school sport is played. The following Codes apply to school sport at all levels and are designed to highlight:

- the principles of enjoyment, satisfaction and safe play in sport
- that students participate for their own sake and not to fulfil the desires of parents, adult groups or peers
- the encouragement of student participation in sport and, in so doing, contribute to higher levels of health and physical fitness.

PLAYERS' CODE – I agree to:

- \Box Play for the fun of it.
- □ Play by the rules and always abide by the decisions of officials.
- Control my temper. Make no criticism either by word or gesture. Deliberately distracting or provoking an opponent is not acceptable or permitted in any sport.
- □ Work equally hard for myself and my team. Your team's performance will benefit and so will your own.
- Be willing to train and prepare for the game or competition. Preparation helps prevent injury and increases the level of enjoyment.
- □ Play only when I am fully fit. To play with injury will handicap your team and may expose you to the risk of further and more serious injury.
- □ Be a good sport. Applaud the good play of your teammates and that of your opponents.
- □ At all times cooperate with my coach, teammates and opponents, for without them I do not have a competition.
- Remember the goals of the game are to have fun and improve my skills. Be modest in success and generous in defeat.

I understand that the consequences of breaking this contract will be:

- Missing Friday sporting activities
- An interview with the Deputy Principal and/or Assistant Principal Learning Support involving my parents
- Possible placement on a SCPS behaviour contract or SCPS playground inclusion program
- Exclusion from the playground, classroom or school functions.
- Possible suspension

I understand that, if I have a problem resolving my behaviours, I ask a teacher for help to learn better ways to deal with my problem.

Student signature	Date
Sport teacher signature	Date
Parent/s signature	Date

PARENTS' CODE

- Encourage your child to always play by the rules.
- If children are interested in sport, encourage them to participate. Refrain from forcing an unwilling child to participate.
- Remember that children participate in organised school sports for their enjoyment and fulfillment, not yours.
- Teach your child that honest effort is as important as winning so that the result of each game is accepted without undue disappointment.
- Encourage your child to work towards skill improvement. Never ridicule your child for making a mistake or losing a competition.
- Always encourage the principle of good sportsmanship.
- Children learn best by example. Applaud good play by all individuals and all teams.
- Do not publicly question the officials' judgment and never their honesty.

SPECTATORS' CODE

- Students play organised sport for their own enjoyment. They are not playing to specifically entertain you.
- Always respect the decisions of officials.
- Never encourage physical or verbal abuse of players, coaches, officials or other spectators.
- Applaud good play by your own team and that of the opposing team.
- Show respect for your opponents. Without them there would be no game.
- Never ridicule a player for making a mistake or losing a competition.
- Encourage players to always play according to the rules.
- Do not bring dogs to ESPSSA events.

TEACHERS' AND COACHES' CODE

- Encourage students to develop basic skills in a variety of sports and avoid over specialisation in positional play during their formative years.
- Create opportunities to teach appropriate sporting behaviour as well as basic skills.
- Teach your players to play by the rules. The rules are designed to maximise enjoyment and safety.
- Give all players equal time in the game or competition. They need and deserve it.
- Remember that students play for the fun and enjoyment and that winning should not be overemphasised. Never ridicule students for making mistakes or losing a competition.
- Ensure that equipment and facilities meet safety standards and are appropriate to the age and ability of the participants.
- When scheduling and determining the duration of training sessions and competitions, take into consideration the age and maturity levels of thestudents.
- Develop team respect for the ability of opponents, as well as for the judgement of officials and opposing coaches.
- Follow medical advice when determining when an injured player is ready to play again.
- Remember that students need a coach they can respect. Be generous with your praise when it is deserved and set a good example.
- Keep abreast of sound coaching principles and the principles of growth and development.
- Develop in students an awareness of the physical fitness values of sports and their life-long health and recreational value

PRINCIPALS' AND SCHOOL EXECUTIVES' CODE

- Ensure that all students have equal opportunities to participate in sport, regardless of ability, gender, age and disability.
- Ensure that safety standards and procedures for all sports comply with the Department of Education and Training support document 'Safety Guidelines for the Conduct of Sport and Physical Activity in Schools'.
- Scheduling and length of competitions should take into consideration the age, ability and maturity levels of the students.
- Students play for fun and enjoyment and winning should not be over emphasised.
- Always emphasise good sportsmanship and highlight appropriate behaviour.
- Distribute and promote these Codes of Behaviour to teachers, players, officials and parents.
- Ensure appropriate supervision is provided by competent coaches, instructors and officials, capable of developing appropriate sports behaviour and skill technique.
- Promote respect for all opponents and condemn unsporting behaviour.

OFFICIALS' CODE

- Encourage rule changes that will match the skill level and needs of the players and reinforce the principle of participation for fun and enjoyment
- Compliment and encourage all participants.
- Be consistent, objective and courteous when making decisions.
- Be meticulous in penalising dangerous and foul play.
- Censure unsporting behaviour and promote respect for opponents.
- Make a personal commitment to keep yourself informed on sound officiating principles and the principles of growth and development.
- Ensure that games are played in an atmosphere conducive to good sportsmanship and enjoyment.
- Ensure that your behaviour, both on and off the field, is consistent with the principles of good sportsmanship.

Leadership Guidelines

Rationale

What is leadership?

Leadership is the process of motivating, inspiring and empowering others to achieve a common goal or organisational success. It involves having a clear idea about what you are trying to achieve, and being able to communicate it to a team of people so that they can work together to achieve it.

Being able to "lead" is demonstrated through various behaviours such as engaging others, having innovative thoughts, motivating others, encouraging people and organising activities to completion. As such "leading" isn't about who is the best at public speaking. It is not only demonstrated on special occasions.

The South Coogee Leadership Program attempts to recognise that there can be many kinds of student leaders, both formal and informal, and that the kind of leadership skills they have will be demonstrated in many situations relating to individual interests, talents and strengths. Every student in the classroom has the capacity to lead an activity at some point.

Providing students with leadership opportunities is an important part of their development. It allows students to develop confidence, personal strength, commitment, initiative and responsibility.

Student leadership is developed through activities which practise communication, cooperation, problem solving, time management, self-reliance and teamwork. Some students will shy away from leadership, while others will jump at the chance – the key is that everyone gets the chance to be a part of it if they wish, and in a way that suits them personally.

What are the Goals of the South Coogee Leadership Program?

The South Coogee Public School Leadership Program aims to be a leadership program that is fair and taken seriously. Leaders should be supported and therefore, be able to help in motivating their fellow students to learn and achieve the most they can from school. The needs of the student leaders, as well as the needs of the students in general, must be considered.

The specific goals of the program are to:

- develop student leadership capacity in a supportive school environment.
- provide a mechanism for students to assist in strengthening the school and its community, and to serve as inspiration to other students to do their best.
- offer the opportunity for development of personal strength, commitment, leadership, initiative and responsibility, by providing a range of leadership opportunities tailored to different personality types, ages and needs.

In achieving these goals, the program is guided by the following principles:

- students should be provided with a wide range of leadership opportunities.
- each leadership role should be supported by a specified teacher or team and therefore the leadership roles must be capable of being appropriately supported by staff within the context of other demands on and expectations of staff.
- leadership opportunities should acknowledge the varying capacities of students for taking on responsibility across the K-6 range.
- the selection process should be transparent and as fair as possible, so that everyone who wishes to participate is afforded an opportunity to do so.
- the expectations of student leaders should be clear and taken seriously by the students themselves, with the students visibly upholding the South Coogee values of Participation, Safety and Respect.
- the program should be transparent for parents and assist parents in supporting student leaders
- we should recognise that students are children, and that activities should, where possible, also be fun!

Guidelines

- Students may only hold one leadership position at a time (except for Library Monitor and IT Techspert)
- Students may only hold the same leadership position every second year unless no other students are interested (e.g. If a student is Class Captain in Year 2, they may not be Class Captain again until Year 4. However, they may hold a different leadership position in Year 3).
- Students will not be eligible for a leadership position if, at the time of selection, they are on a Behaviour Contract and/or have been suspended during a Semester.
- Selection for the various leadership positions will be undertaken consistently across the school.
- Students must be present on the day of speeches/selection for a leadership position unless they are away on identified school business.
- The responsibilities and opportunities attached to each leadership role will be made clear to students before voting occurs.
- Students will be expected to follow the Student Leaders' Code of Conduct.
- If a Student Leader leaves during the year their position will not be filled.
- Student Leaders who are not upholding the Student Leaders' Code of Conduct will receive the following consequences consistent with the school's Student Wellbeing Guidelines:
 - Students who receive a Green Behaviour Reminder will be counselled about the implications of their behaviour on their leadership position.
 - Students who are on a Behaviour Contract will lose their position for the period of the contract.
 - In exceptional circumstances, the Principal will use their discretion over final decisions in regard to students keeping their positions.

Leadership position	Number per year
School Captain	2
School Vice-Captain	2
Class Captains	2 per class per semester
House Captains	2 per house for year
Techspert	1 per Stage 3 class
Eco Warriors	Eco Warrior teacher/s selected, varying number, Badges given in Semester 2.
Library Monitor	Librarian selected, varying number. Badges given in Semester 2

Leadership positions

Student Leadership Team – Election Process

Year 6 Positions

In Term 4 the Deputy Principal and Stage 3 teachers will run a leadership workshop with Year 5 students where responsibilities and expectations of all Year 6 leadership positions are explained. The workshop will also explore in more detail what it means to be a leader.

School Captain – 2 positions (Boy/Girl) School Vice-Captain – 2 positions (Boy/Girl)

<u>Process – Term 4</u>

- 1. Students/Peers nominate others/themselves
- 2. Students need to complete and return the expression of interest form by the nominated date
- 3. Ballot created
- 4. Students plan an impromptu speech on the day of the vote with support of DP/AP
 - a. Students are given an outline of what to talk about
- 5. Preferential voting boys and girls voted on separately
 - a. Votes weighted to each grade and teachers
 - i. Teachers 5
 - ii. Year 5 3
 - iii. Year 4-2
 - iv. Year 3 2
 - v. Year 2 1
- 6. Elected leaders announced and presented with their badges at the Presentation Day Assembly at the end of Term 4.
 - a. Highest Vote Boy/Girl School Captains
 - b. Next highest Boy/Girl School Vice-Captains

House Captains - 2 positions (Boy/Girl)

Process –Term 4

- 1. Students/Peers nominate others/themselves prior to House Meeting
- 2. Students need to complete and return the expression of interest form by the nominated date
- 3. Ballot created
- 4. Students plan impromptu speech on the day of the vote (Completed during House Meeting)
- 5. Preferential voting boys and girls voted on separately
 - a. Teacher counts votes boys and girls counted separately
- 6. Elected leaders announced and presented with their badges at the Presentation Day Assembly at the end of Term 4.
 - a. Highest Vote Boy/Girl House Captains

All students who have nominated will have the opportunity to present their impromptu speech in the school hall in front of their peers. (House captain speeches will be conducted in designated House areas during a House meeting) This may occur via Zoom if deemed necessary. Speeches should be approximately 1-2 minutes long. Students are not permitted to use props, bribe voters, or use additional media (i.e. video, music or presentation software). The order of the speeches will be randomly generated.

**If in the event only one gender nominates for School or House Captain then selection will continue based on who has nominated for the position. E.g. if only boys nominate for School Captain then the result will be two boys.

Ballot Papers

School Captains and Vice Captains – ballot papers will be digitally prepared with nominees' full names and a school photo. Names will be listed based on how they were randomly generated. House Captain – voting will be completed by a paper ballot after speeches have been delivered during a House Meeting.

Class Positions

Before the class elects new leaders at any point during the year, the teacher will discuss the qualities of a student leader, the responsibilities of each role, the school values and the Student Leaders Code of Conduct with the class.

Class Captains – 2 position (Boy/Girl – composite classes must have a balance between grades) (Vote every semester - Kindergarten Start Semester 2) Process – Week 1 each semester

Process – Week 1 each semester

- 1. Students/Peers nominate others/themselves
- 2. Students address class in an informal speech
- 3. Students write name of boy and girl on piece of paper
 - a. Teacher counts votes boys and girls voted on separately
 - b. If votes are tied for two people (e.g. 5-5) students will re-vote on those two or more children
 - c. Teachers tell class the results
 - d. Teachers to add student names to leadership spreadsheet
- 4. Students presented with badges at Leadership Assembly

Leadership Opportunities

Peer Support Program

The peer support program involves students from Kindergarten to Year 6. The program is student led by our Year 5 and 6 students and focuses on addressing social issues in a fun and engaging environment. The sessions encourage peer connections throughout the school and assists students in developing practical skills to enhance social and emotional well-being. The overarching philosophy of the program is to encompass and promote student well-being, taking care of their minds, problem solving, discussion, collaboration and peer tutoring amongst the learners from K-6. The learners are exposed to a common language and have the opportunity to think critically, make decisions, build connections and share their contributions in an engaging environment.

Student led peer support sessions occur fortnightly with a K-6 mixed group and are supported by classroom teachers. A peer support leaders workshop takes place each year with all Year 5 and 6 students taking part in leadership training including but not limited to cooperative learning, peer helping, facilitating, advising, instructing, aiding, assisting and leading.

Kindergarten Buddy Program

The Kindergarten Buddy Program involves students from Year 4 and Kindergarten. The Year 4 students are able to develop strong leadership skills while supporting the social and emotional development of Kindergarten students. Year 4 students are chosen rather than Year 5 or Year 6 to allow the students to maintain a connection as the Kindergarten students move into Stage 1.

In Term 4 of the preceding year, Year 3 students will participate in a Buddy Training Program to develop their skills to be a Kindergarten buddy. Each Year 3 student will send a postcard to a new Kindergarten student welcoming them to South Coogee Public School. On the first day of Kindergarten, Year 4 students will be in each Kindergarten classroom to help the new students settle into the classroom environment. In Week 2 Term 1, Year 4 and Kindergarten teachers will allocate Kindergarten buddies.

In Weeks 2-4, a group of Year 4 students will play with the Kindergarten students each lunchtime in the Infants' Quad. Year 4 students will teach the Kindergarten students playground games to help them transition to the 'big' playground. Throughout the year, the buddies will meet fortnightly. Year 4 and Kindergarten teachers will plan a variety for activities to build the buddies' relationship, celebrate events and support Kindergarten learning programs.

Eco-Warrior Team

At the start of the year students will have the opportunity to join the Eco-Warrior team. This team will focus on creating and running projects and campaigns to fix environmental problems within the school. As well as addressing whole school issues Eco-Warriors will support and encourage all learning spaces to:

- Turn off lights, heaters and fans daily
- Help maintain school gardens
- Monitor recycling and compost in classrooms
- Deliver class recycling to GA on allocated day
- Organise school environmental events such as "No Waste Wednesday"

*Eco-Warrior badges will be teacher selected and presented to students who maintain a consistent engagement and commitment in the Eco-Warrior team. They will be presented during semester 2.

Classroom Leadership

All classroom settings provide an opportunity for student leadership in the form of roles and responsibilities. At the start of each year all students engage in learning activities that centre on their rights and responsibilities as a student at South Coogee Public School. During these sessions classroom responsibilities are also assigned to students which include but are not limited to messengers, lunch monitors, equipment helper, line leaders, bag monitors etc. Additionally, when classes host assemblies throughout the year students have the opportunity to lead whole cohort assemblies.

	Roles	s and Responsibilitie All Student Leaders	es	
Be a role n	old school values nodel for other students visitors/dignitaries	5	est improvements for th community ite/create articles/vide website/newsle	eos for school
School Leaders School	House Captains	Class Captains*	IT Techsperts^	Library Monitors^
Captains & School Vice- Captains	Two per house	Two per class	One per 3-6 class	Semester 2 badge give
 Represent school atformal functions Host whole and K-2 school assemblies Attend and support SRC meetings Help organise and run fundraising events for school and charities Help with Kindergarten Tours and Orientation Put the flags up and down each day Excellent role model to the entire school community 	 Motivate students at sport carnivals and organise cheer teams Host Sport Assemblies Present awards and recognition for sportingachievements Manage lunchtime sports equipment Run games for younger students at lunchtime Help organise and manage the sports equipment room 	 Positive role model to classmates and lead by example Chair class SRC meetingsupported by class teacher Represent class at SRCmeetings Inform class of what is discussed at SRC meetings Help organise and run fundraising events for school and charities Help with Kindergarten Tour sand Orientation Address assembly as needed 	 Organise and manage class tech team Support teachers with the use of Interactive Whiteboards Troubleshoot IT issues inclassrooms Help organise IT equipment Suggest improvements for ICT Operate hall soundsystem, lights 	 Help librarian at lunchtime Run activities for students in the librar at lunchtime (e.g. book readings, games) Learn how to u OASIS borrowin system Help enter data f PRC Support teachers when librarian is away Suggesting improvements for Library
P, DP & AP to work with School Leaders	PE Staff and/or sports coordinator/s to manage and organise captains	Work with classroom teachers and SRC teachers	Stage 2-3 teacher identified positions. Managed by Stage 2-3 class teachers.	Librarian to manage

Student Leaders' Code of Conduct

What is leadership?

Leadership is developed through activities which practice communication, cooperation, problem solving, time management, self-reliance and teamwork.

What is a Code of Conduct?

As part of the leadership team, you agree to comply with our schools code of conduct which outlines behaviours expected of all student leaders.

Student leaders will role model the school values by:

Participation

- Embracing the opportunity to be a leader.
- Being an active and positive participant in school life.

Respect

- Treat others fairly, honestly and keep their dignity intact.
- Show empathy and care towards others and act as a good friend would.
- Use manners and basic good grace when dealing with other students and with adults.

Safety

Date:

- Show self-control and self-discipline of your feelings and your actions
- Act in a way that ensures my safety and the safety of others.

Student Leader Name:	
Student Leader Signature:	
Principal Signature:	

Role of Principal as Mentor

- Meet with new leaders and sign Code of Conduct
- Regularly meet with School Captains and Vice Captains
- Gives final approval to student initiatives
- Advise students on the principles of good leadership
- Make final decisions on consequences for leaders who breach the Code of Conduct
- Meet with prospective leaders on the Year 5 Leadership Day

Role of Deputy Principal as Mentor

- Leadership Development
 - Year 5 Leadership Development Day in collaboration with Stage 3 teachers
 - Regularly meet with School Captains and Vice Captains.
 - Ensure leaders understand their roles and responsibilities
- Manage Year 6 Leaders
 - o Major Assemblies
- Manage voting of new School Captains/Vice Captains and House Captains

Role of Teacher as Mentor

- SRC
 - o Ensure new Class Captains are elected each semester
 - o Meet with SRC fortnightly to discuss student initiatives
 - Model how to run a class meeting
 - Facilitate student initiatives such as fundraising events
- Sport House Captains
 - Meet with Sports Leaders to organise lunchtime equipment
 - o Supervise and coordinate the provision of lunchtime equipment
 - Ensure Sports Leaders understand their roles and responsibilities
- Eco Warrior Team
 - Ensure final Eco-Warriors are selected ready for semester 2 badge presentation
 - Meet with Eco-Warriors to give a clear explanation of roles and responsibilities
 - o Facilitate Eco-Warrior initiatives such as "No Waste Wednesday" and student gardens
 - Encourage student suggestions on new environmental initiatives for the school
- Buddies
 - Allocate Kindergarten buddies at the beginning of each year
 - Ensure Kindergarten buddies meet fortnightly
 - Provide training to Year 3 students prior to them becoming a buddy
- IT Techsperts
 - o Up-skill students in trouble-shooting class hardware and software issues
 - Allocate Techsperts to classes
 - Inform teachers of the process for contacting IT Techsperts before referring issues to Computer Coordinator
 - o Monitor Techsperts through regular meetings to see if further training is required
 - Discuss student suggestions on improvements to existing systems and processes
- Library Monitors
 - \circ $\,$ Train students in the use of OASIS and shelving
 - o Provide Monitors the opportunity to run small group activities during lunch
 - o Supervise any lunch time activities such as Book Club
 - Discuss student suggestions on activities to encourage a passion of reading

The Support Role for Parents of a Student Leader

Some things parents can do to support their child in a leadership role include:

- Understanding the Student Leaders role and the expectation of them in this role, through:
 - Speaking with their child to understand their role
 - Reviewing the policy document and Student Leader role profile
 - Seeking clarity from the leadership committee on any unclear aspects
- Being a positive role model for their child and the rest of the leadership team at school activities and functions. This may be by way of planning, organising and/or attending events where possible
- Supporting their child in the role of Student Leader by:
 - Allowing their child to drive their leadership projects and support them by guiding the process where appropriate
 - Being interested and engaged in their child's role and the rest of the leadership team
 - Ensuring the student presents as a positive role model for other students (positive behaviour, correct uniform, shoes, grooming)
 - Supporting the student in using planning and organisational strategies to be ready for agreed activities
 - Assisting in preparing and rehearsing speeches or presentations with their child so they can be presented in the most prepared manner
 - Providing positive and encouraging feedback to build their child's confidence and capability as a leader
 - Respecting the schools choices of students, activities, roles and responsibilities
- Actively supporting the school in the leadership initiatives and expectations, which may include involvement in:
 - Student Leadership activities or initiatives
 - o School assemblies or functions
 - P&C activities
 - Fundraising or Fiesta events
- Communicate with the school through the leadership committee to provide any constructive feedback in terms of improvements in student leadership and/or leadership opportunities.

Anti-Bullying Policy

South Coogee Public School aims to provide quality education for all students, taking account of their age, background, ability and interests. Student welfare is enhanced when all members of the school community work together in harmony, participating in the learning program, as well as in the life of the school. South Coogee Public School rejects all forms of bullying and any inappropriate behaviour that interferes with the teaching, learning and well-being of students. All members have a shared responsibility based upon mutual respect to create a climate for effective learning, free from all forms of bullying. Bullying is not tolerated at South Coogee Public School. Students have the right to expect that they will spend the school day free from fear of bullying, harassment and intimidation.

Definition of Bullying

Bullying is defined as intentional, repeated behaviour by an individual or group of individuals that causes distress, hurt or undue pressure. Bullying involves the abuse of power in relationships. Bullying can involve all forms of harassment, humiliation, domination and intimidation of others. Bullying behaviour can be verbal, physical, social or psychological.

Verbal bullying involves name calling, put downs, threats, ridicule, hurtful nicknames, belittling others' abilities and achievements and making degrading comments about another's culture, religious or social background.

Physical bullying is any form of physical violence such as hitting, tripping, kicking, pushing, shoving or stealing or damaging the belongings of others.

Social bullying includes being left out, ignored, spreading rumours, writing offensive notes or graffiti about others and excluding someone from your group or game.

Psychological bullying involves incidence such as when a child is stalked, given dirty looks, forcing others to act against their will or singled out for unfair treatment.

Cyber Instigated bullying involves SMS and email messages, misuse of websites and blogs, inappropriate use of mobile phones and inappropriate use of social media or presence in chat rooms.

Rude vs Mean vs Bullying: Defining the Difference

Rude = Inadvertently saying or doing something that hurts someone else. From kids, rudeness might look more like burping in someone's face, jumping ahead in line, bragging about achieving the highest grade or even throwing a crushed up pile of leaves in someone's face. On their own, any of these behaviours could appear as elements of bullying, but when looked at in context, incidents of rudeness are usually spontaneous, unplanned inconsideration, based on thoughtlessness, poor manners or narcissism, but not meant to actually hurt someone.

Mean = Purposefully saying or doing something to hurt someone once (or maybe twice). The main distinction between "rude" and "mean" behaviour has to do with intention; while rudeness is often unintentional, mean behaviour very much aims to hurt or depreciate someone. Kids are mean to each other when they criticise clothing, appearance, intelligence, coolness or just about anything else they can find to denigrate. Meanness also sounds like words spoken in anger -- impulsive cruelty that is often regretted in short order. Very often, mean behaviour in kids is motivated by angry feelings and/or the misguided goal of propping themselves up in comparison to the person they are putting down. Commonly, meanness in kids sounds an awful lot like:

• "Are you seriously wearing that sweater again? Didn't you just wear it, like, last week? Get a life.

- "You are so fat/ugly/stupid."
- "I hate you!"

Make no mistake; mean behaviours can wound deeply and adults can make a huge difference in the lives of young people when they hold kids accountable for being mean. Yet, meanness is different from bullying in important ways that should be understood and differentiated when it comes to intervention.

Bullying = Intentionally aggressive behaviour, repeated over time, that involves an imbalance of power. Experts agree that bullying entails three key elements: an intent to harm, a power imbalance and repeated acts or threats of aggressive behaviour. Kids who bully say or do something intentionally hurtful to others and they keep doing it, with no sense of regret or remorse -- even when targets of bullying show or express their hurt or tell the aggressors to stop.

Bullying may be physical, verbal, relational or carried out via technology:

• Physical aggression was once the gold standard of bullying-- the "sticks and stones" that made adults in charge stand up and take notice. This kind of bullying includes hitting, punching, kicking, spitting, tripping, hair pulling, slamming a child into a locker and a range of other behaviours that involve physical aggression.

• Verbal aggression is what our parents used to advise us to "just ignore." We now know that despite the old adage, words and threats can, indeed, hurt and can even cause profound, lasting harm.

• Relational aggression is a form of bullying in which kids use their friendship--or the threat of taking their friendship away--to hurt someone. Social exclusion, shunning, hazing, and rumour spreading are all forms of this pervasive type of bullying that can be especially beguiling and crushing to kids.

• Cyberbullying is a specific form of bullying that involves technology. According to Hinduja and Patchin of the Cyberbullying Research Centre, it is the "wilful and repeated harm inflicted through the use of computers, cell phones, and other electronic devices." Notably, the likelihood of repeated harm is especially high with cyberbullying because electronic messages can be accessed by multiple parties, resulting in repeated exposure and repeated harm.

It is important to distinguish between rude, mean and bullying so that teachers, school administrators, police, youth workers, parents and kids all know what to pay attention to and when to intervene.

Source:http://www.huffingtonpost.com/signe-whitson/bullying_b_2188819.html?ir=Australia

Students can expect to:

- Be treated with respect within the school community, regardless of their race, religion, abilities, physical appearance, family background, or sexual orientation.
- Participate in learning experiences that address key understandings and skills relating to bullying and harassment guided by the PDHPE syllabus, classroom, and whole-school programs.
- Be provided with appropriate and proactive support when reporting issues of bullying within the school.
- Learn strategies related to student protection, prevention of bullying, early intervention in incidents of bullying behaviour and appropriate responses to bullying at South Coogee PS.
- Engage in learning experiences related to the safe use of digital media, including:
 - The importance of not sharing identification details with strangers;
 - \circ $\,$ Correct use of language when communicating on-line;
 - The important role of parents and the school in the evolution of a child's participation in the digital world.

Students have a responsibility to:

- Sign the Anti-Bullying Contract, 'The Promise', after explicit teaching in Term 1 each year
- Play safely
- Maintain a positive climate of respectful relationships where bullying is less likely to occur
- Cooperate with other students and staff
- Treat all members of the school community with respect
- Seek teacher permission when communicating online at school
- Report and respond to incidents of bullying according to the South Coogee PS anti-bullying policy

Parents and Carers have a responsibility to:

- Discuss the Student Welfare, Discipline and Anti-Bullying Policy with their child
- Ensure their child is aware of their responsibilities with regard to the school's promotion of anti-bullying behaviours
- Contribute to preventing bullying by modelling and promoting appropriate behaviour and respectful relationships
- Implement safe computer practices in the home and educate their children with regard to the use of digital devices
- Encourage cooperative behaviour in their children
- Discourage retaliation of any kind, instead encouraging constructive responses to bullying incidences
- Encourage independence in their children
- Be alert for signs of distress in their child
- Report any incidents of bullying to the classroom teacher

Teachers have a responsibility to:

- Explicitly teach the anti-bullying program in Term 1 each year through 'Circle-Time'
- Contribute to preventing bullying by modelling and promoting appropriate behaviour and respectful relationships
- Encourage cooperative behaviour through cooperative learning techniques
- Be vigilant and proactive on playground duty
- Listen and respond to all student concerns and complaints in a timely manner in accordance with the South Coogee PS anti-bullying policy
- Assist with identification of students who are using bullying behaviour
- Be aware of DEC Policy relating to student behaviour and bullying
- Embed anti-bullying messages into each curriculum area
- Provide learning opportunities where internet safety and 'good online citizenship' are discussed and safer forms of online communication are modelled
- Respect and support students in all aspects of their learning

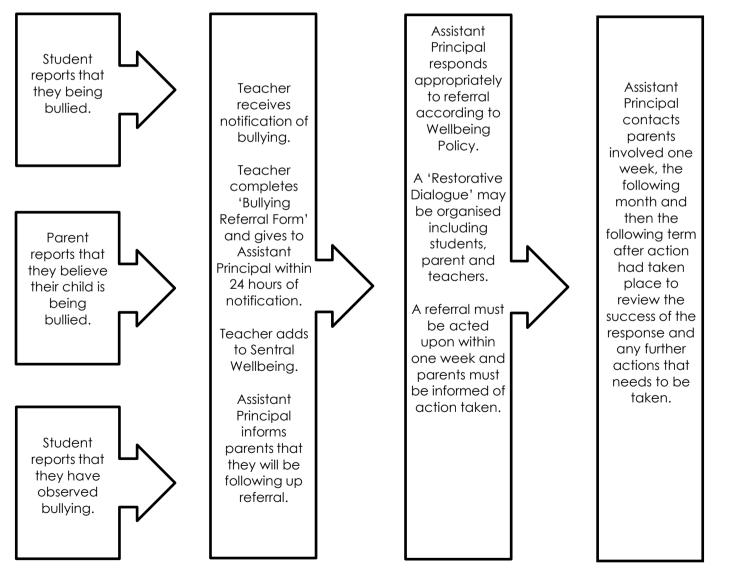
Identifying bullying behaviours

Bullying may be very hard to see. Bullying usually happens out of sight, away from teachers or other adults. The people who are most likely to know what is going on are other children. Children who are being bullied often don't like to tell anyone because they feel weak or ashamed, or are frightened that it will only makes things worse. They also feel it is wrong to 'dob in' or tell tales on other children. If they tell anyone, it is most likely they will tell their parents or their friends before they will tell a teacher.

Some tell-tale signs are:

- Bruises, scratches or cuts that your child can't really explain
- Torn or damaged clothing
- Damaged or missing belongings
- Headaches, stomach aches and other pains that the child can't put a finger on
- Unexplained tears or depression
- Unusual outbursts of temper
- Not wanting to go to school
- Not wanting to play with friends
- Wanting changes in the way he or she travels to and from school
- School work falls off in quality
- Wanting extra money without giving a reason

Procedures to report bullying



Strategies to deal with bullying behaviours

As part of our Personal Development program, all students K-6 will participate in learning experiences that directly deal with strategies students can use to eliminate bullying behaviours and promote respectful relationships. These learning experiences will be stage-specific so that they meet the needs of students at their level of understanding. Students will also be informed of our procedures at South Coogee for dealing with bullying behaviours through school assemblies and posters around the school. All students must understand that bullying and harassment at South Coogee will not be tolerated and that the school will endeavour to do everything they can to deal with these issues.

As part of this program all teaching staff will be involved in professional development experiences which will focus on identify bullying behaviours, our school's reporting procedures and skills and understandings that they can teach their students about dealing with bullying behaviours effectively.

Each classroom will also implement the following initiatives-

Talk about bullying: Each class will come up with a class definition of bullying. The definition should include the feelings of targets and bullies. Ask students to come up with their own solutions.

<u>Designate your classroom as bully free:</u> Each student to complete a 'Zero Tolerance to Bullying' Contract. <u>Intervene immediately when you see bullying:</u> Encourage students that it is safe to tell. Discuss with students strategies to report.

<u>Be proactive:</u> encourage students to be proactive so that appropriate support can be provided to those students involved in any incident.

Assistant Principals will be responsible, together with the classroom teacher, for intervening and providing help and support for students. Students who are found to be engaging in bullying behaviours will be dealt with according to our School Discipline Policy which encompasses a range of options available to deal with unacceptable behaviours, including suspension and expulsion.

Reporting mechanisms in place will be used to track student behaviour in order to ensure that students can be tracked in cases of repeat offending.

Accessing Help

As well as the school, parents are able to access help and support outside of the school using the following resources:

APEEL (A Partnership Encouraging Effective Learning) provides a series of four workshops aimed at building a positive partnership between home and school.

The Bully, the Bullied, and the Bystander: From Preschool to High School—How parents can help break the cycle of violence (Collins 2004)

Facing the Schoolyard Bully: How to raise an assertive child in an aggressive world (Firefly Books 2000)

The University of Sydney - Psychological treatment for children ages 8-14 to manage bullying, anxiety and aggression (9351 2629)

The Department of Education has clear procedures for appealing decisions made by the school. These procedures can be found on the Department of Education and Training's website.

Monitoring and Evaluations

The anti-bullying policy will be monitored and regularly reviewed to ensure that reporting and intervention strategies are successfully reducing the incidences of bullying at South Coogee. This process should include teachers, parents, students and other staff involved. These monitoring and evaluation strategies include:

- Collection and review of action plans
- Discussion with staff in regard to classroom implementation and teaching and learning strategies
- Evaluation by parents and students as part of our annual school evaluations
- Monitoring the number of incidents reported and the tracking of students involved.

The Promise

- | **SPEAK UP** instead of acting as a bystander.
- I **CHOOSE** to participate in activities that do not involve teasing.
- | FORGIVE others if they make poor choices.
- | **MODEL** good behaviour.
- | **ACCEPT** others for their differences.
- I **INCLUDE** others in group situations
- I **TALK** to an adult when there is a situation I cannot manage on my own.
- | **AM** powerful in making a difference in my school

Student's Signature	
Witnessed by a friend	
Parent's Signature	
Date	

Policy Review

Prepared by: SCPS Wellbeing Committee Approved by: Trish Fisher, Principal SCPS

Reviewed: Feb 2024

Next Review: Feb 2025